



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 21, 2020 – 03:57 AM BST

PDB ID : 5YQW  
Title : Structure and function of a novel periplasmic chitooligosaccharide-binding protein from marine *Vibrio* bacteria  
Authors : Suginta, W.; Sritho, N.; Ranok, A.; Kitaoku, Y.; Bulmer, D.M.; van den Berg, B.; Fukamizo, T.  
Deposited on : 2017-11-08  
Resolution : 1.36 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.13.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13.1

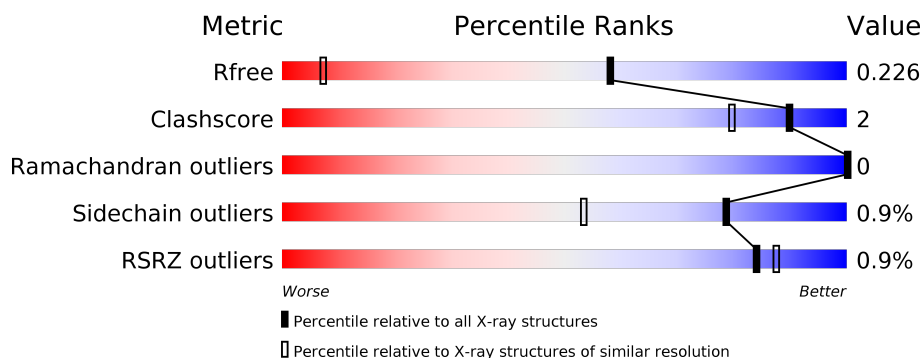
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.36 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1509 (1.38-1.34)
Clashscore	141614	1551 (1.38-1.34)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1530 (1.38-1.34)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1530 (1.38-1.34)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1487 (1.38-1.34)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	532	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; position: relative;"> <div style="position: absolute; left: 0; top: -10px;">%</div> <div style="position: absolute; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 100%; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 1%, orange 1%, yellow 92%, green 8%);"></div> <div style="position: absolute; left: 92%; top: -10px;">92%</div> <div style="position: absolute; left: 100%; top: -10px;">8%</div> </div> </div>
2	B	2	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; position: relative;"> <div style="position: absolute; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 100%; background: yellow;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; left: 50%; top: -10px;">100%</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	P4G	A	602	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4832 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Peptide ABC transporter, periplasmic peptide-binding protein.

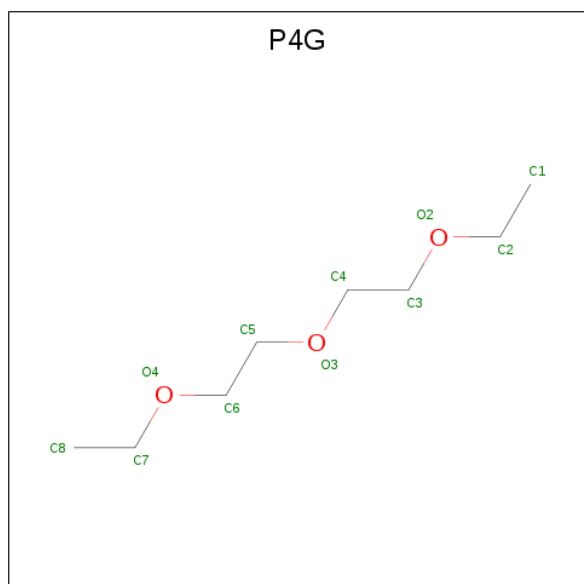
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	532	4319	2773	712	822	12	0	12	0

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	B	2	29	16	2	11	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is 1-ETHOXY-2-(2-ETHOXYETHOXY)ETHANE (three-letter code: P4G) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	8	3		
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	8	3		

- Molecule 4 is NICKEL (II) ION (three-letter code: NI) (formula: Ni).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	Ni	0	0
			1	1		

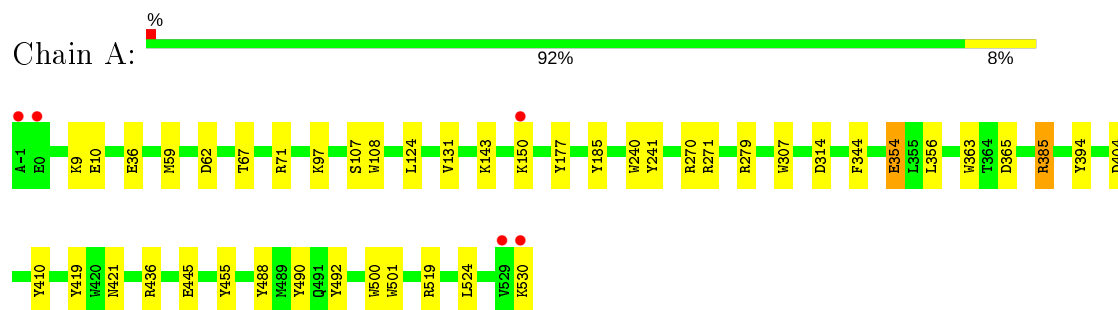
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	461	Total	O	0	0
			461	461		

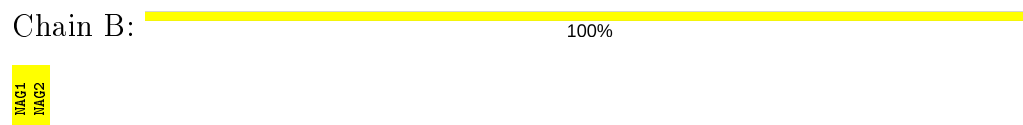
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Peptide ABC transporter, periplasmic peptide-binding protein



- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	54.73Å 54.73Å 306.44Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.84 – 1.36 46.84 – 1.36	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.7 (46.84-1.36) 96.7 (46.84-1.36)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.13	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.09 (at 1.36Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0158	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.195 , 0.226 0.195 , 0.226	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	5473 reflections (4.87%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	13.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.337	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.38 , 63.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.044 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	4832	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.72% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: P4G, NI, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	1.51	18/4469 (0.4%)	1.19	17/6087 (0.3%)

The worst 5 of 18 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	492	TYR	CE1-CZ	8.62	1.49	1.38
1	A	354	GLU	CD-OE1	6.62	1.32	1.25
1	A	410	TYR	CG-CD1	6.51	1.47	1.39
1	A	185	TYR	CG-CD1	6.38	1.47	1.39
1	A	455	TYR	CG-CD1	6.36	1.47	1.39

The worst 5 of 17 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	A	519	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.18	124.89	120.30
1	A	385	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-8.90	115.85	120.30
1	A	404	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	8.49	125.94	118.30
1	A	59	MET	CG-SD-CE	8.48	113.77	100.20
1	A	71	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.97	116.81	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4319	0	4144	14	0
2	B	29	0	27	0	0
3	A	22	0	36	7	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	461	0	0	7	0
All	All	4832	0	4207	15	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 15 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:421:ASN:HD21	3:A:602:P4G:H21	1.34	0.92
1:A:421:ASN:ND2	3:A:602:P4G:H21	1.98	0.77
1:A:108:TRP:HE1	3:A:602:P4G:H22	1.50	0.76
1:A:107:SER:HB3	3:A:602:P4G:H61	1.79	0.63
3:A:602:P4G:H62	5:A:1086:HOH:O	1.99	0.62

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	542/532 (102%)	527 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar

resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	468/456 (103%)	464 (99%)	4 (1%)	78	53

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	9	LYS
1	A	10	GLU
1	A	150	LYS
1	A	530	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
2	NAG	B	1	2	15,15,15	1.75	4 (26%)	21,21,21	2.49	6 (28%)
2	NAG	B	2	2	14,14,15	1.40	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.55	4 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	1	2	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	1	NAG	C2-N2	3.64	1.51	1.45
2	B	1	NAG	C3-C2	3.14	1.59	1.53
2	B	2	NAG	O5-C5	2.65	1.48	1.43
2	B	1	NAG	C7-N2	2.39	1.42	1.34
2	B	2	NAG	C3-C2	2.26	1.57	1.52

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-7.24	102.24	109.52
2	B	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-4.57	105.04	113.66
2	B	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-4.34	103.98	110.34
2	B	1	NAG	C1-C2-C3	-3.18	106.21	110.54
2	B	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6	-2.99	102.52	107.20

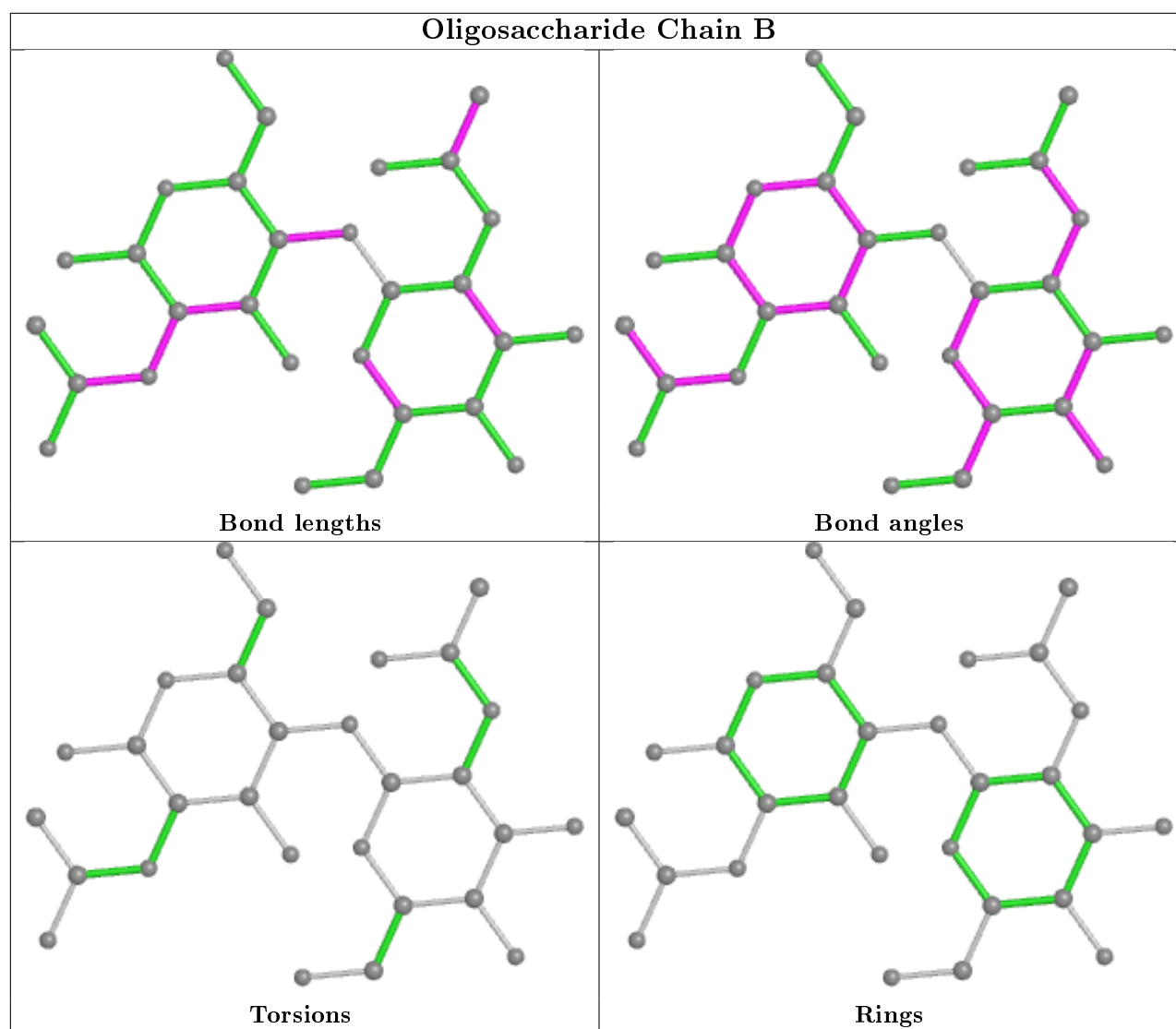
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	P4G	A	602	-	10,10,10	0.54	0	9,9,9	1.32	1 (11%)
3	P4G	A	601	-	10,10,10	0.50	0	9,9,9	0.85	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	P4G	A	602	-	-	3/8/8/8	-
3	P4G	A	601	-	-	6/8/8/8	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	602	P4G	C4-O3-C5	-3.16	99.58	113.29

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	601	P4G	O3-C5-C6-O4
3	A	601	P4G	O2-C3-C4-O3
3	A	602	P4G	C8-C7-O4-C6
3	A	601	P4G	C1-C2-O2-C3
3	A	601	P4G	C6-C5-O3-C4

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	602	P4G	7	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	532/532 (100%)	-0.12	5 (0%) 84 87	10, 15, 25, 60	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	-1	ALA	9.1
1	A	529	VAL	4.5
1	A	0	GLU	2.3
1	A	150	LYS	2.2
1	A	530	LYS	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

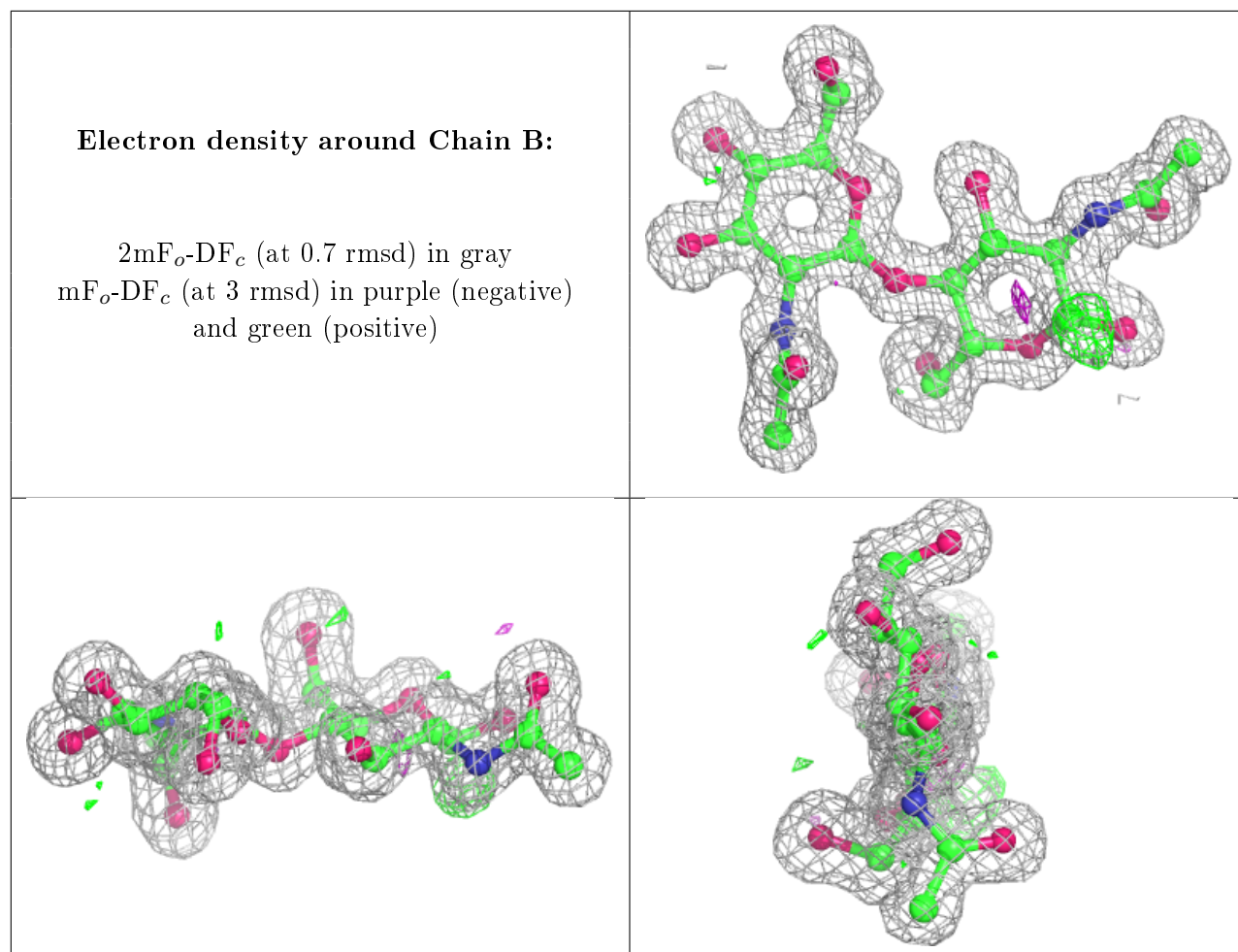
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	NAG	B	1	15/15	0.96	0.08	10,12,14,21	0
2	NAG	B	2	14/15	0.98	0.05	8,10,11,12	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	P4G	A	601	11/11	0.72	0.14	39,48,53,54	0
3	P4G	A	602	11/11	0.85	0.10	29,33,42,42	0
4	NI	A	603	1/1	0.99	0.04	15,15,15,15	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.