



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 15, 2020 – 08:07 am BST

PDB ID : 4YSH
Title : Crystal structure of glycine oxidase from *Geobacillus kaustophilus*
Authors : Shiono, T.; Nomura, T.; Arai, R.
Deposited on : 2015-03-17
Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

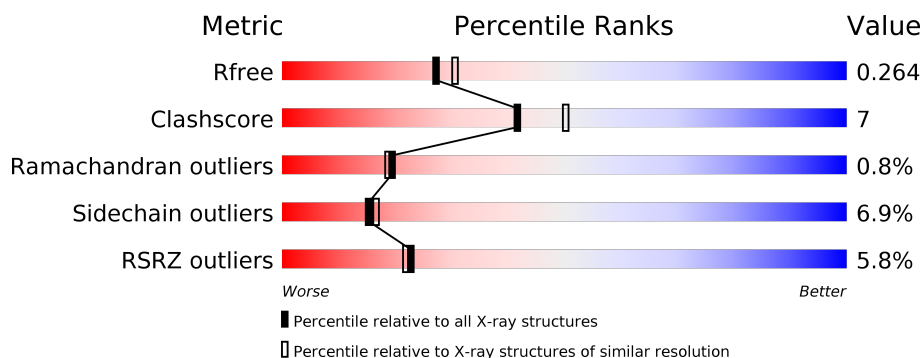
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	376	<div> <div>8%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>81%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>
1	B	376	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>81%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	GLY	B	401	-	-	X	X

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

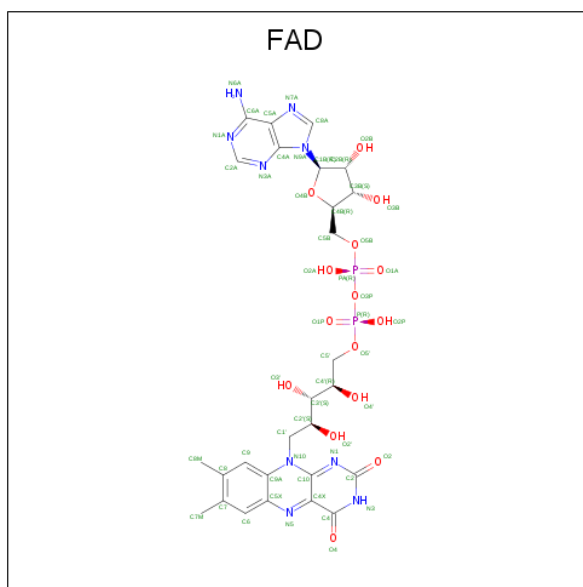
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Glycine oxidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	370	Total 2782	C 1768	N 488	O 516	S 10	0	3	0
1	B	368	Total 2763	C 1752	N 487	O 514	S 10	0	2	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q5L2C2
B	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q5L2C2

- Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{33}\text{N}_9\text{O}_{15}\text{P}_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			53	27	9	15	2		

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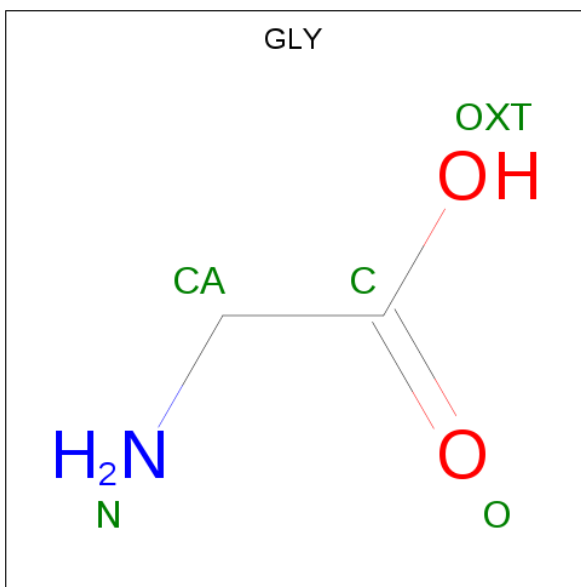
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			53	27	9	15	2		

- Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 4 is GLYCINE (three-letter code: GLY) (formula: C₂H₅NO₂).

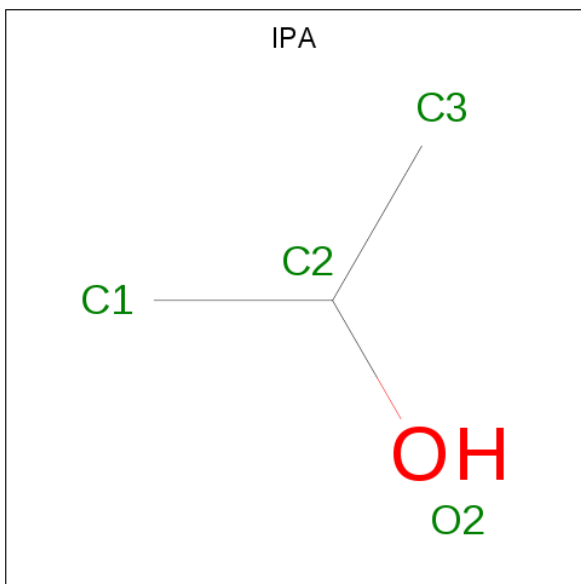


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			5	2	1	2		
4	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			5	2	1	2		

- Molecule 5 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 6 is ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (three-letter code: IPA) (formula: C₃H₈O).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	3	1		

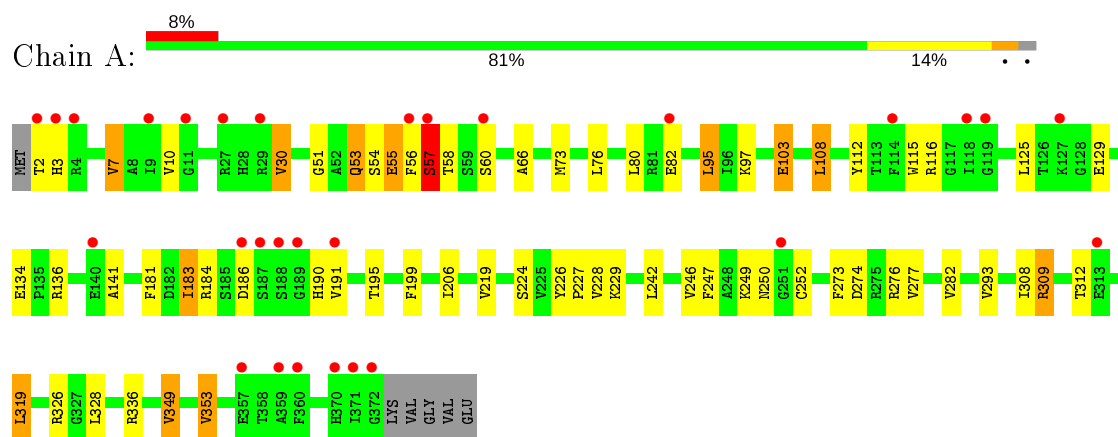
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	70	Total	O	0	0
			70	70		
7	B	114	Total	O	0	0
			114	114		

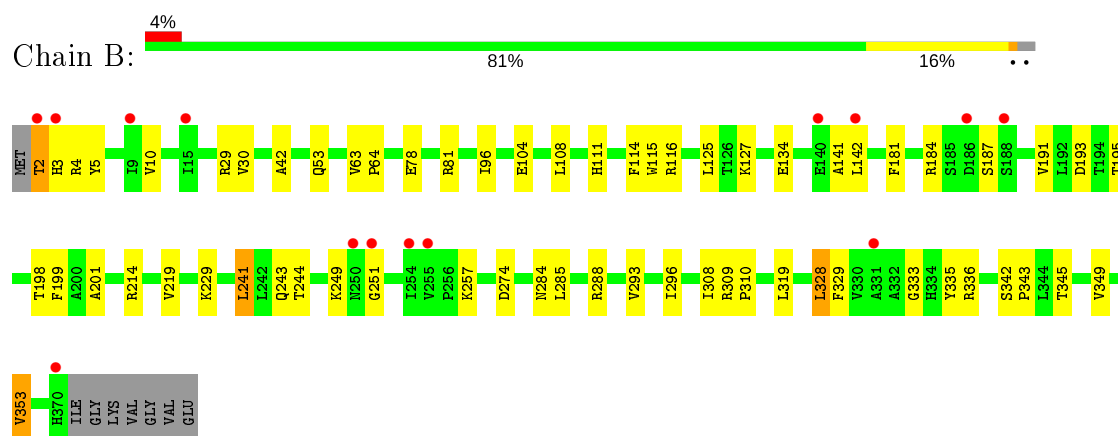
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Glycine oxidase



• Molecule 1: Glycine oxidase



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	87.94Å 87.94Å 413.46Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 2.20 28.18 – 2.20	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.3 (50.00-2.20) 98.4 (28.18-2.20)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	9.37 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.233 , 0.266 0.233 , 0.264	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2473 reflections (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	34.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.280	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.37 , 42.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.40$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.23$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	5865	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.55% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IPA, SO4, FAD, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.41	0/2851	0.63	2/3873 (0.1%)
1	B	0.49	0/2827	0.65	0/3840
All	All	0.45	0/5678	0.64	2/7713 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	95	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.54	130.33	115.30
1	A	242	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.04	126.90	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	2	THR	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2782	0	2790	35	0
1	B	2763	0	2773	43	0
2	A	53	0	31	1	0
2	B	53	0	31	3	0
3	A	5	0	0	0	0
3	B	10	0	0	0	0
4	B	10	0	4	10	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
6	B	4	0	8	0	0
7	A	70	0	0	5	0
7	B	114	0	0	2	0
All	All	5865	0	5637	79	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (79) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:336[A]:ARG:NH2	4:B:401:GLY:O	1.89	1.05
1:B:336[A]:ARG:CZ	4:B:401:GLY:O	2.14	0.94
1:B:251:GLY:HA3	4:B:401:GLY:HA3	1.62	0.82
1:B:249[B]:LYS:HA	1:B:249[B]:LYS:HE2	1.62	0.80
1:B:336[A]:ARG:NH1	4:B:401:GLY:O	2.16	0.78
1:B:193:ASP:HB3	7:B:594:HOH:O	1.86	0.74
1:B:335:TYR:CD2	1:B:336[A]:ARG:HG3	2.25	0.72
1:A:319:LEU:HD11	7:A:513:HOH:O	1.92	0.69
1:A:56[B]:PHE:HZ	1:A:66:ALA:CB	2.05	0.69
1:A:7:VAL:HG22	1:A:30:VAL:HB	1.76	0.68
1:A:10:VAL:HG22	1:A:206:ILE:HA	1.76	0.67
1:B:104:GLU:HG2	1:B:249[A]:LYS:HD3	1.78	0.66
1:A:274:ASP:OD1	1:A:276:ARG:HG2	1.96	0.66
1:B:309:ARG:HD2	1:B:335:TYR:CE1	2.33	0.63
1:B:336[A]:ARG:HH22	4:B:401:GLY:C	2.02	0.62
1:B:309:ARG:HG2	2:B:403:FAD:HM81	1.81	0.62
1:A:229:LYS:HD3	1:A:274:ASP:O	2.00	0.61
1:B:251:GLY:CA	4:B:401:GLY:HA3	2.31	0.61
1:B:310:PRO:HB2	1:B:333:GLY:HA2	1.85	0.58
1:A:73:MET:HE3	1:A:76:LEU:HB3	1.84	0.58

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:184:ARG:C	1:A:186:ASP:H	2.08	0.57
1:A:112:TYR:OH	1:A:116:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.57
1:B:251:GLY:HA3	4:B:401:GLY:CA	2.36	0.55
1:A:53:GLN:HG3	1:A:115:TRP:CD2	2.42	0.55
1:B:3:HIS:HA	1:B:199:PHE:CD2	2.41	0.55
1:A:183:ILE:HD11	1:A:190:HIS:HB3	1.89	0.55
1:A:336:ARG:HD3	7:A:535:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:B:241:LEU:HD23	1:B:296:ILE:HD12	1.88	0.54
1:B:349:VAL:O	1:B:353:VAL:HG13	2.07	0.54
1:A:349:VAL:O	1:A:353:VAL:HG13	2.08	0.54
1:B:284:ASN:O	1:B:288:ARG:HG3	2.08	0.54
1:A:228:VAL:O	1:A:309:ARG:HG3	2.09	0.53
1:B:181:PHE:HE2	1:B:195:THR:HG23	1.74	0.53
1:A:56[B]:PHE:CZ	1:A:66:ALA:CB	2.89	0.52
1:B:309:ARG:HG2	2:B:403:FAD:C8M	2.39	0.52
1:A:219:VAL:HG11	1:A:328:LEU:HD11	1.92	0.51
1:A:273:PHE:CD1	1:A:308:ILE:HG21	2.45	0.51
1:A:97:LYS:HG2	1:A:108:LEU:HD21	1.93	0.51
1:B:229:LYS:HD2	1:B:274:ASP:O	2.11	0.50
1:B:293:VAL:HB	1:B:296:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.50
1:B:309:ARG:CD	1:B:335:TYR:CE1	2.94	0.50
4:B:402:GLY:HA3	2:B:403:FAD:N5	2.27	0.49
1:A:55:GLU:HG3	1:A:336:ARG:HD2	1.93	0.48
1:B:319:LEU:HD21	1:B:345:THR:HG23	1.94	0.48
1:B:127:LYS:HE2	1:B:142:LEU:O	2.14	0.48
1:B:5:TYR:O	1:B:201:ALA:HA	2.14	0.48
1:B:219:VAL:HG11	1:B:328:LEU:HD21	1.95	0.48
1:A:103:GLU:HG2	7:A:504:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:B:134:GLU:OE2	1:B:244:THR:HG22	2.14	0.47
1:B:2:THR:O	1:B:3:HIS:HB2	2.14	0.47
1:A:326:ARG:HD2	7:A:512:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:309:ARG:HG2	2:A:401:FAD:C8M	2.44	0.47
1:A:54:SER:HB2	1:A:97:LYS:HE2	1.96	0.47
1:B:42:ALA:HB2	1:B:308:ILE:O	2.16	0.46
1:B:4:ARG:HG2	1:B:4:ARG:HH11	1.81	0.45
1:B:214:ARG:NH2	7:B:506:HOH:O	2.48	0.45
1:A:136:ARG:HD3	7:A:525:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:63:VAL:HB	1:B:64:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.44
1:A:134:GLU:HA	1:A:134:GLU:OE1	2.16	0.44
1:A:53:GLN:HG3	1:A:115:TRP:CE2	2.52	0.44
1:A:249[A]:LYS:NZ	1:A:249[A]:LYS:HB2	2.33	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:329:PHE:CZ	1:B:353:VAL:HA	2.52	0.44
1:A:57:SER:HB3	1:A:58:THR:H	1.63	0.43
1:B:53:GLN:HA	1:B:115:TRP:CZ2	2.54	0.43
1:B:342:SER:OG	1:B:343:PRO:HD3	2.20	0.42
1:A:3:HIS:HB2	1:A:199:PHE:HA	2.00	0.42
1:B:111:HIS:O	1:B:114:PHE:HB3	2.20	0.42
1:A:181:PHE:HE2	1:A:195:THR:HG22	1.85	0.42
1:A:183:ILE:HG23	1:A:219:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.41
1:B:96:ILE:HD11	1:B:244:THR:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:B:181:PHE:HE2	1:B:195:THR:CG2	2.34	0.41
1:A:226:TYR:HB2	1:A:227:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.41
1:B:78:GLU:OE2	1:B:81:ARG:NH2	2.54	0.41
1:B:336[A]:ARG:NH2	4:B:401:GLY:C	2.64	0.41
1:A:51:GLY:O	1:A:55:GLU:HB2	2.21	0.40
1:B:184:ARG:HB2	1:B:191:VAL:CG1	2.52	0.40
1:A:224:SER:O	1:A:312:THR:HA	2.22	0.40
1:B:336[A]:ARG:HG2	4:B:402:GLY:O	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	371/376 (99%)	351 (95%)	16 (4%)	4 (1%)	14	12
1	B	368/376 (98%)	354 (96%)	12 (3%)	2 (0%)	29	31
All	All	739/752 (98%)	705 (95%)	28 (4%)	6 (1%)	19	19

All (6) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	57	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	141	ALA
1	B	141	ALA
1	A	250	ASN
1	B	187	SER
1	A	60	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	280/282 (99%)	255 (91%)	25 (9%)	9	9
1	B	278/282 (99%)	265 (95%)	13 (5%)	26	33
All	All	558/564 (99%)	520 (93%)	38 (7%)	15	17

All (38) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	2	THR
1	A	7	VAL
1	A	30	VAL
1	A	53	GLN
1	A	55	GLU
1	A	57	SER
1	A	80	LEU
1	A	82	GLU
1	A	95	LEU
1	A	103	GLU
1	A	108	LEU
1	A	125	LEU
1	A	129	GLU
1	A	183	ILE
1	A	191	VAL
1	A	246	VAL
1	A	247	PHE
1	A	252	CYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	277	VAL
1	A	282	VAL
1	A	293	VAL
1	A	309	ARG
1	A	319	LEU
1	A	349	VAL
1	A	353	VAL
1	B	10	VAL
1	B	29	ARG
1	B	30	VAL
1	B	108	LEU
1	B	116	ARG
1	B	125	LEU
1	B	198	THR
1	B	241	LEU
1	B	243	GLN
1	B	257	LYS
1	B	285	LEU
1	B	328	LEU
1	B	353	VAL

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	FAD	A	401	-	51,58,58	2.56	10 (19%)	60,89,89	2.08	10 (16%)
3	SO4	B	407	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.17	0
3	SO4	B	406	-	4,4,4	0.40	0	6,6,6	0.29	0
2	FAD	B	403	-	51,58,58	2.55	10 (19%)	60,89,89	2.12	9 (15%)
6	IPA	B	405	-	3,3,3	0.57	0	3,3,3	0.23	0
3	SO4	A	402	-	4,4,4	0.17	0	6,6,6	0.23	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FAD	A	401	-	-	3/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
2	FAD	B	403	-	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

All (20) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	401	FAD	C2A-N3A	10.27	1.48	1.32
2	B	403	FAD	C2A-N3A	9.75	1.47	1.32
2	A	401	FAD	C2A-N1A	7.56	1.48	1.33
2	B	403	FAD	C2A-N1A	7.02	1.47	1.33
2	A	401	FAD	C10-N1	6.14	1.41	1.33
2	B	403	FAD	C10-N1	6.08	1.41	1.33
2	A	401	FAD	C7M-C7	-5.77	1.39	1.51
2	B	403	FAD	C8M-C8	-5.65	1.39	1.51
2	A	401	FAD	C8M-C8	-5.62	1.39	1.51
2	B	403	FAD	C7M-C7	-5.43	1.40	1.51
2	A	401	FAD	C4-N3	4.18	1.40	1.33
2	B	403	FAD	C4-N3	3.85	1.39	1.33
2	B	403	FAD	O4B-C1B	3.39	1.45	1.41
2	B	403	FAD	C5A-C4A	-2.72	1.33	1.40
2	B	403	FAD	C6A-C5A	-2.61	1.33	1.43

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	401	FAD	C1'-N10	2.57	1.50	1.48
2	A	401	FAD	C5A-C4A	-2.36	1.34	1.40
2	A	401	FAD	C6A-C5A	-2.29	1.34	1.43
2	B	403	FAD	C4X-C10	2.27	1.41	1.38
2	A	401	FAD	C9A-N10	-2.17	1.35	1.38

All (19) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	403	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-11.48	110.74	128.68
2	A	401	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-10.88	111.67	128.68
2	A	401	FAD	C4-N3-C2	6.12	120.31	115.14
2	B	403	FAD	C4-N3-C2	5.65	119.91	115.14
2	A	401	FAD	O4B-C1B-C2B	-3.89	101.23	106.93
2	B	403	FAD	C4X-N5-C5X	3.62	120.38	116.77
2	A	401	FAD	C4X-N5-C5X	3.22	119.99	116.77
2	A	401	FAD	C1'-N10-C9A	3.02	120.67	118.29
2	B	403	FAD	C1B-N9A-C4A	-2.97	121.42	126.64
2	B	403	FAD	C5X-C9A-N10	2.89	119.81	117.72
2	A	401	FAD	C5X-C9A-N10	2.86	119.79	117.72
2	B	403	FAD	C1'-N10-C9A	2.72	120.44	118.29
2	A	401	FAD	P-O3P-PA	-2.68	123.61	132.83
2	B	403	FAD	P-O3P-PA	-2.45	124.41	132.83
2	B	403	FAD	C10-C4X-N5	-2.39	119.61	121.26
2	A	401	FAD	C10-C4X-N5	-2.38	119.61	121.26
2	A	401	FAD	C4X-C4-N3	-2.37	120.19	123.43
2	B	403	FAD	C4X-C4-N3	-2.32	120.25	123.43
2	A	401	FAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	-2.24	107.06	109.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

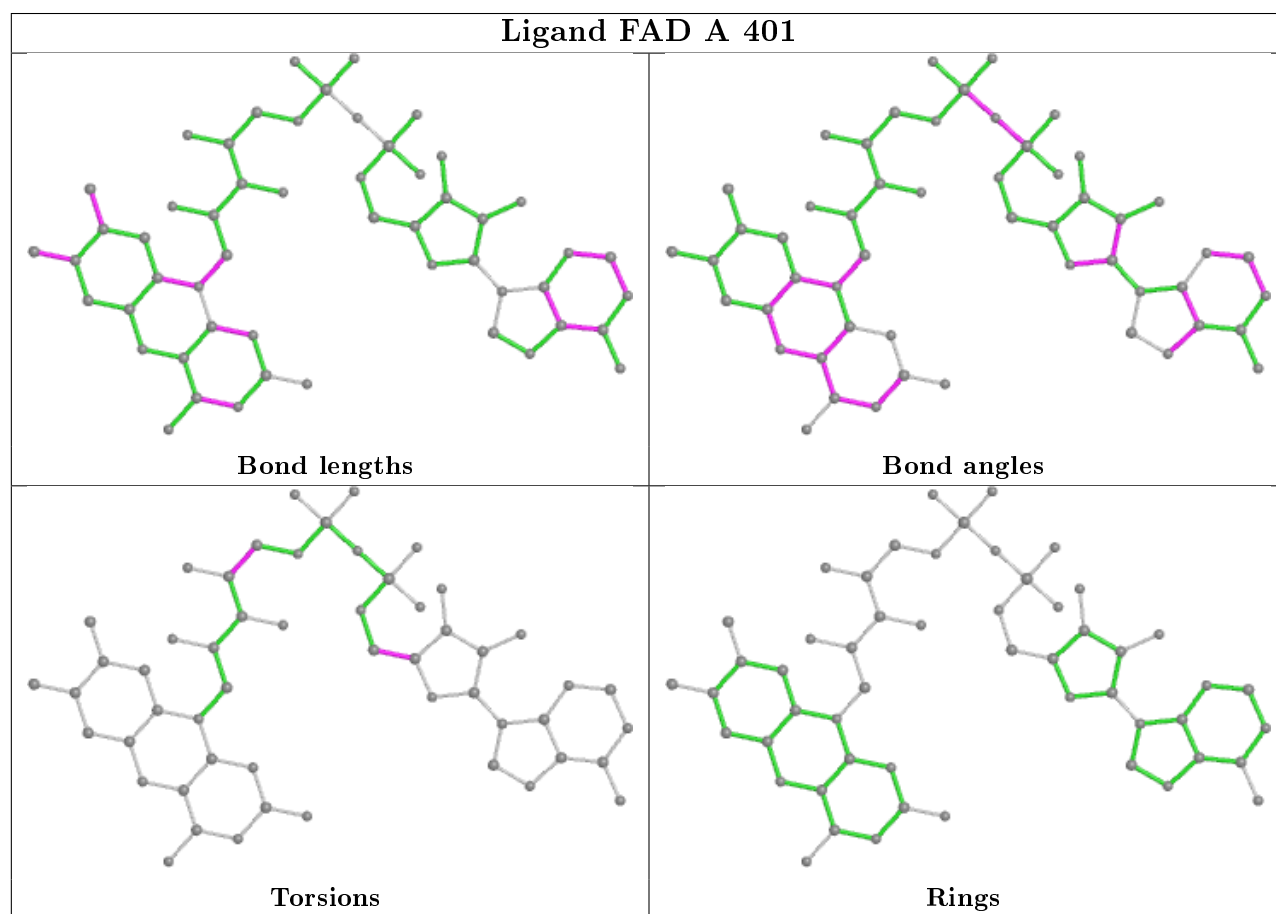
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	401	FAD	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	A	401	FAD	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	B	403	FAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	B	403	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O1P
2	A	401	FAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	B	403	FAD	C3B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	B	403	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O2P

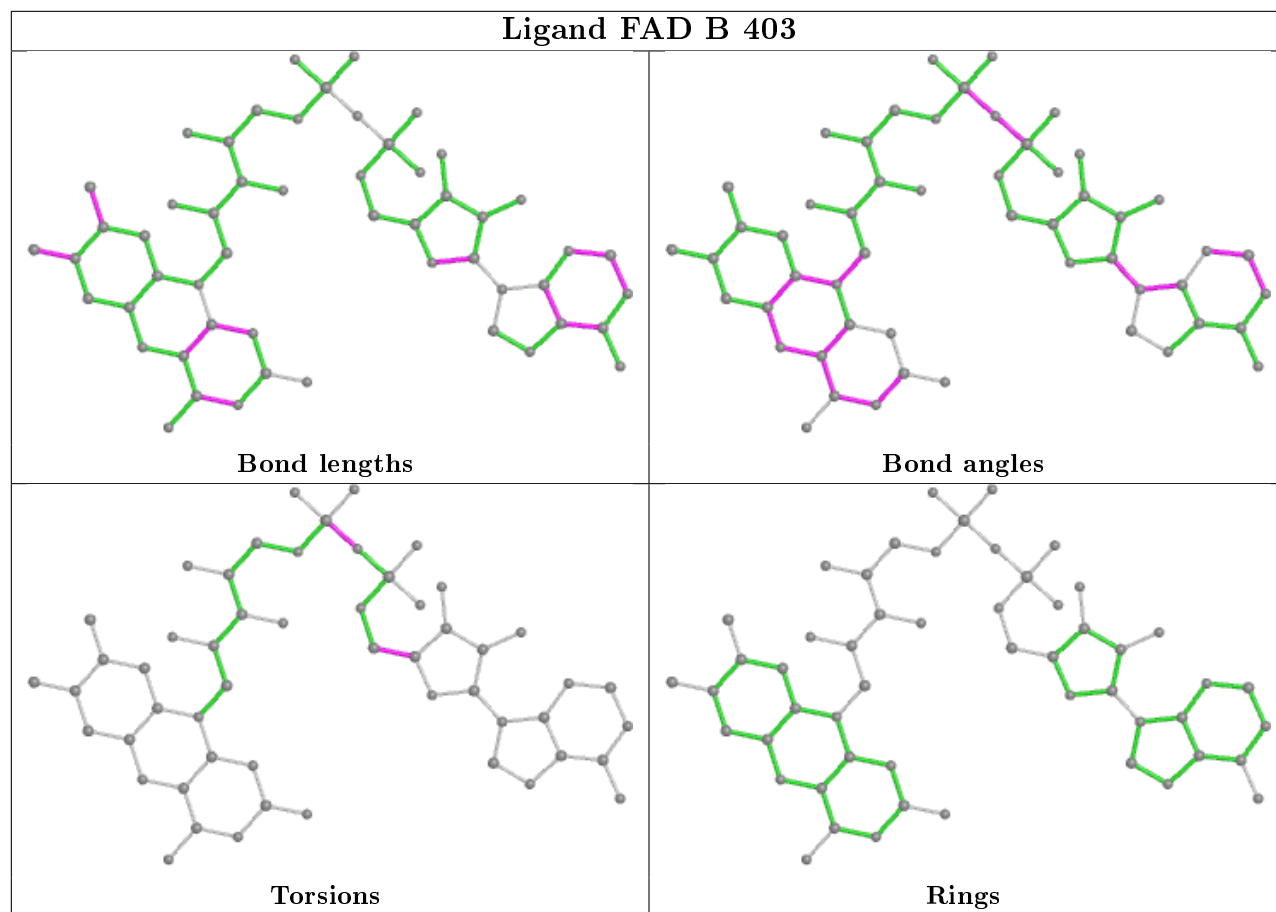
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	401	FAD	1	0
2	B	403	FAD	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	370/376 (98%)	0.33	29 (7%) 13 11	26, 47, 99, 132	1 (0%)
1	B	368/376 (97%)	-0.03	14 (3%) 40 38	24, 32, 49, 67	2 (0%)
All	All	738/752 (98%)	0.15	43 (5%) 23 22	24, 37, 84, 132	3 (0%)

All (43) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	372	GLY	6.0
1	A	118	ILE	5.7
1	A	56[A]	PHE	5.3
1	A	359	ALA	4.9
1	A	251	GLY	4.6
1	A	371	ILE	4.5
1	A	187	SER	4.4
1	A	57	SER	4.2
1	A	370	HIS	3.9
1	B	370	HIS	3.8
1	A	114	PHE	3.7
1	B	250	ASN	3.7
1	B	3	HIS	3.7
1	A	189	GLY	3.4
1	B	2	THR	3.3
1	A	2	THR	3.2
1	A	27	ARG	3.1
1	A	119	GLY	3.0
1	A	60	SER	3.0
1	A	186	ASP	2.9
1	A	3	HIS	2.8
1	A	140	GLU	2.8
1	B	142	LEU	2.7
1	A	4	ARG	2.6

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	357	GLU	2.6
1	B	255	VAL	2.5
1	A	9	ILE	2.5
1	A	11	GLY	2.4
1	A	127	LYS	2.3
1	B	9	ILE	2.3
1	B	15	ILE	2.3
1	A	313	GLU	2.3
1	B	254	ILE	2.3
1	A	360	PHE	2.3
1	B	186	ASP	2.2
1	B	140	GLU	2.2
1	B	251	GLY	2.2
1	A	82	GLU	2.1
1	A	191	VAL	2.1
1	A	29	ARG	2.1
1	A	188	SER	2.1
1	B	331	ALA	2.0
1	B	188	SER	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
4	GLY	B	401	5/5	0.68	1.01	26,27,27,27	5
4	GLY	B	402	5/5	0.87	0.28	70,70,70,70	0
5	CL	B	404	1/1	0.87	0.14	83,83,83,83	0
6	IPA	B	405	4/4	0.90	0.23	32,35,36,36	0

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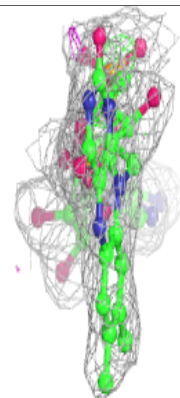
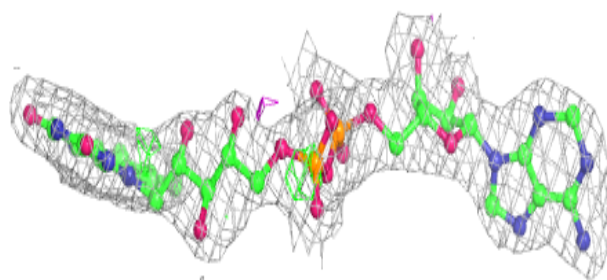
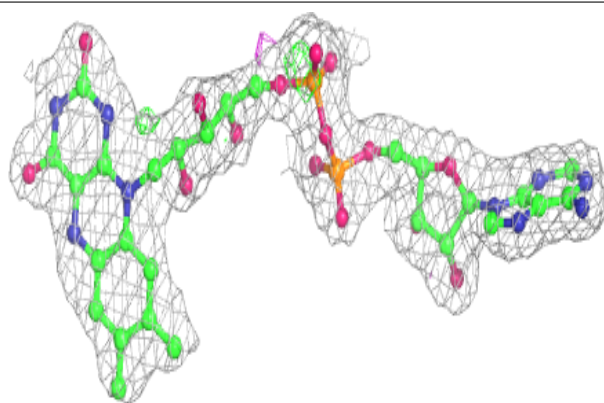
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
3	SO4	B	406	5/5	0.91	0.15	89,89,89,89	5
3	SO4	B	407	5/5	0.96	0.11	58,58,60,60	0
2	FAD	A	401	53/53	0.96	0.16	35,39,51,51	0
3	SO4	A	402	5/5	0.96	0.09	59,59,60,60	0
2	FAD	B	403	53/53	0.97	0.14	26,31,41,43	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

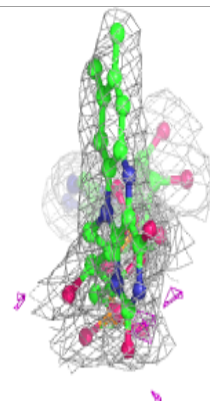
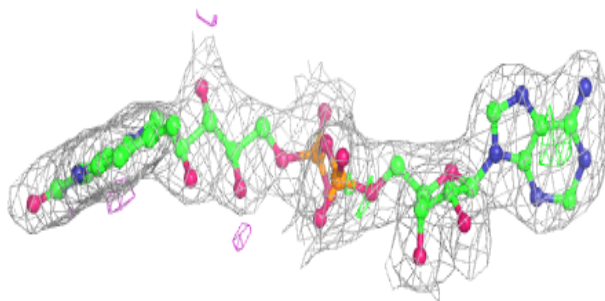
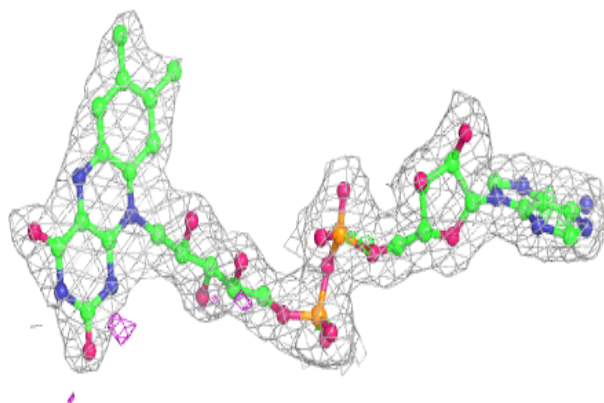
Electron density around FAD A 401:

2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around FAD B 403:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.