



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 2, 2021 – 01:51 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2YX9  
Title : Crystal structure of D298K copper amine oxidase from *Arthrobacter globiformis*  
Authors : Murakawa, T.; Okajima, T.; Yamaguchi, H.; Tanizawa, K.  
Deposited on : 2007-04-25  
Resolution : 1.68 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.23.2  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

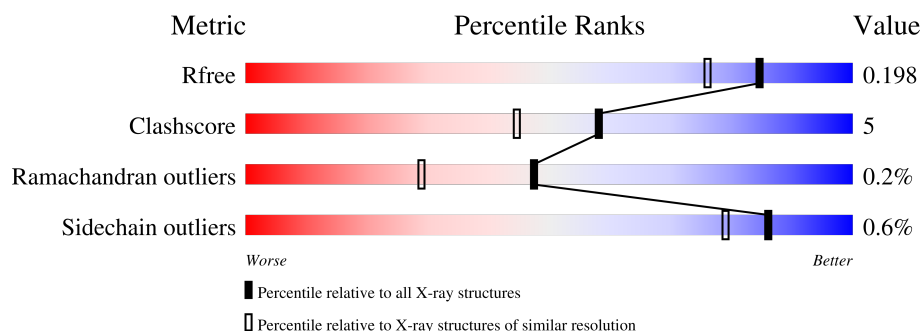
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*



The reported resolution of this entry is 1.68 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	6780 (1.70-1.66)
Clashscore	141614	7310 (1.70-1.66)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	7173 (1.70-1.66)
Sidechain outliers	138945	7172 (1.70-1.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	638	
1	B	638	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10873 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Phenylethylamine oxidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	620	Total 4868	C 3076	N 856	O 927	S 9	0	0	0
1	B	620	Total 4868	C 3076	N 856	O 927	S 9	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	298	LYS	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P46881
B	298	LYS	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P46881

- Molecule 2 is COPPER (II) ION (three-letter code: CU) (formula: Cu).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 1	Cu 1	0	0
2	B	1	Total 1	Cu 1	0	0

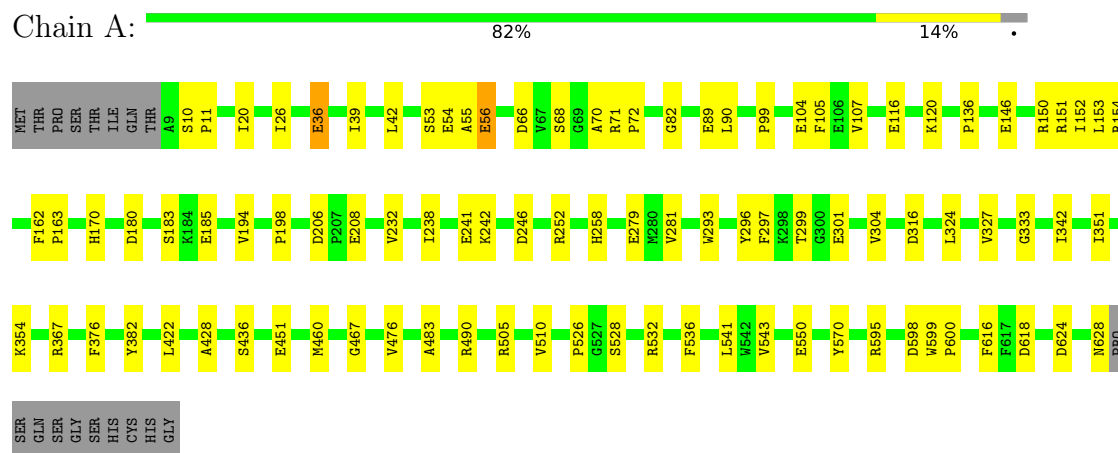
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	538	Total 538	O 538	0	0
3	B	597	Total 597	O 597	0	0

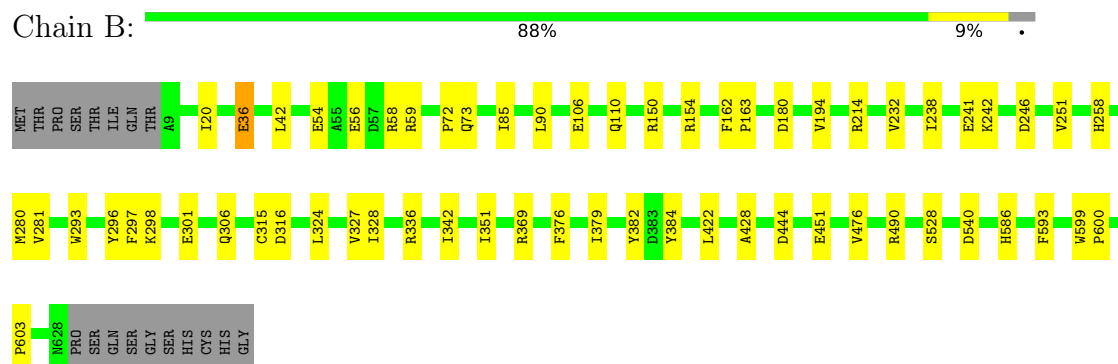
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Phenylethylamine oxidase



- Molecule 1: Phenylethylamine oxidase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	158.01Å 63.03Å 184.12Å 90.00° 111.96° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.88 – 1.68 44.91 – 1.68	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.4 (39.88-1.68) 99.6 (44.91-1.68)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	5.62 (at 1.68Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.245 , 0.254 0.179 , 0.198	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	9539 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.5	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.824	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.40 , 58.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	10873	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	27.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 41.59 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.3105e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DPQ, CU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.30	0/4976	0.63	0/6774
1	B	0.30	0/4976	0.64	1/6774 (0.0%)
All	All	0.30	0/9952	0.63	1/13548 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	593	PHE	N-CA-C	-5.11	97.22	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4868	0	4691	59	0
1	B	4868	0	4691	41	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	538	0	0	3	0
3	B	597	0	0	9	0
All	All	10873	0	9382	92	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (92) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:460:MET:HE2	1:A:467:GLY:HA3	1.61	0.83
1:A:104:GLU:O	1:A:107:VAL:HG22	1.92	0.69
1:A:624:ASP:CG	1:B:214:ARG:HD2	2.14	0.67
1:A:422:LEU:HD11	1:A:428:ALA:HB2	1.77	0.66
1:A:105:PHE:HD1	1:A:136:PRO:HB2	1.60	0.66
1:B:422:LEU:HD11	1:B:428:ALA:HB2	1.77	0.65
1:A:206:ASP:CG	1:A:208:GLU:HG2	2.18	0.63
1:B:56:GLU:OE2	1:B:58:ARG:HG2	1.99	0.62
1:A:162:PHE:HB2	1:A:163:PRO:HD2	1.82	0.61
1:B:599:TRP:CD2	1:B:600:PRO:HA	2.37	0.60
1:A:599:TRP:CD2	1:A:600:PRO:HA	2.37	0.59
1:B:36:GLU:H	1:B:36:GLU:CD	2.04	0.59
1:A:206:ASP:OD1	1:A:208:GLU:HG2	2.03	0.58
1:A:528:SER:O	1:A:532:ARG:HD3	2.03	0.58
1:A:170:HIS:HD2	1:A:198:PRO:O	1.87	0.58
1:B:110:GLN:HG3	3:B:1247:HOH:O	2.04	0.58
1:A:297:PHE:HB2	1:A:301:GLU:HG3	1.86	0.57
1:A:66:ASP:OD1	1:A:68:SER:HB3	2.04	0.57
1:A:36:GLU:H	1:A:36:GLU:CD	2.09	0.56
1:A:324:LEU:HB2	1:A:342:ILE:HB	1.88	0.55
1:A:367:ARG:HD3	1:B:315:CYS:O	2.08	0.54
1:A:72:PRO:HG2	1:A:90:LEU:HB2	1.88	0.53
1:A:505:ARG:HD3	1:A:618:ASP:HB3	1.91	0.53
1:A:163:PRO:HG2	3:A:1125:HOH:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:20:ILE:HD12	1:A:327:VAL:HG12	1.92	0.52
1:A:460:MET:HE2	1:A:467:GLY:CA	2.37	0.52
1:B:20:ILE:HD12	1:B:327:VAL:HG12	1.92	0.51
1:A:183:SER:OG	1:A:185:GLU:HG2	2.10	0.51
1:A:146:GLU:O	1:A:150:ARG:HD3	2.12	0.50
1:B:150:ARG:HD2	1:B:180:ASP:OD2	2.11	0.50
1:B:297:PHE:HB2	1:B:301:GLU:HG3	1.94	0.50
1:B:298:LYS:HD3	1:B:379:ILE:HD12	1.93	0.49
1:A:53:SER:O	1:A:55:ALA:N	2.46	0.49
1:B:194:VAL:HG22	3:B:1400:HOH:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:116:GLU:O	1:A:120:LYS:HG3	2.12	0.48
1:A:26:ILE:HD11	1:A:82:GLY:HA2	1.95	0.48
1:A:550:GLU:HG2	1:A:570:TYR:CE1	2.48	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:324:LEU:HB2	1:B:342:ILE:HB	1.95	0.48
1:B:106:GLU:HB3	3:B:1255:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:526:PRO:HG3	3:B:1264:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:B:451:GLU:HG2	1:B:476:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.46
1:A:281:VAL:HA	1:A:296:TYR:O	2.15	0.46
1:B:369:ARG:HG3	3:B:1467:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:483:ALA:HB1	1:A:543:VAL:HB	1.98	0.45
1:A:252:ARG:O	1:A:304:VAL:HG22	2.16	0.45
1:A:55:ALA:O	1:A:56:GLU:C	2.55	0.45
1:A:152:ILE:HD13	1:A:180:ASP:HA	1.98	0.45
1:A:354:LYS:HE3	3:B:1089:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:624:ASP:OD2	1:B:214:ARG:HD2	2.16	0.45
1:A:316:ASP:HA	1:B:351:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.44
1:A:490:ARG:HG2	1:A:490:ARG:HH11	1.82	0.44
1:B:241:GLU:O	1:B:242:LYS:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:B:232:VAL:HG22	1:B:238:ILE:CD1	2.48	0.44
1:A:460:MET:HE1	1:B:528:SER:HA	1.99	0.44
1:B:59:ARG:CZ	1:B:85:ILE:HD13	2.46	0.44
1:A:66:ASP:CG	1:A:70:ALA:HB3	2.38	0.44
1:A:232:VAL:HG22	1:A:238:ILE:CD1	2.48	0.44
1:A:194:VAL:HG13	3:A:1066:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:B:603:PRO:HG2	3:B:1207:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:B:162:PHE:HB2	1:B:163:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:B:154:ARG:HD2	1:B:293:TRP:CD2	2.54	0.43
1:B:72:PRO:HG2	1:B:90:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:10:SER:HA	1:A:11:PRO:HD3	1.87	0.42
1:A:451:GLU:HG2	1:A:476:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.42
1:B:56:GLU:HB2	3:B:1332:HOH:O	2.18	0.42
1:B:328:ILE:HD11	1:B:336:ARG:NH2	2.34	0.42
1:B:42:LEU:C	1:B:42:LEU:HD23	2.39	0.42
1:A:39:ILE:HD12	1:A:333:GLY:HA2	2.02	0.42
1:A:99:PRO:O	1:A:151:ARG:NH2	2.51	0.42
1:B:251:VAL:CG2	1:B:306:GLN:HB3	2.50	0.42
1:B:540:ASP:O	1:B:586:HIS:HD2	2.03	0.42
1:B:281:VAL:HA	1:B:296:TYR:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:279:GLU:HA	1:A:299:THR:HB	2.02	0.41
1:A:595:ARG:HG2	1:A:598:ASP:OD2	2.20	0.41
1:A:436:SER:HB2	1:A:536:PHE:CE2	2.56	0.41
1:A:628:ASN:ND2	3:A:1127:HOH:O	2.53	0.41
1:A:152:ILE:HG22	1:A:153:LEU:N	2.35	0.41
1:A:460:MET:CE	1:B:528:SER:HA	2.51	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:624:ASP:OD1	1:B:214:ARG:HD2	2.20	0.41
1:B:246:ASP:HB2	1:B:258:HIS:HB2	2.01	0.41
1:B:280:MET:HE2	1:B:384:TYR:CZ	2.56	0.41
1:B:490:ARG:HG3	1:B:490:ARG:HH11	1.85	0.41
1:A:42:LEU:HD23	1:A:42:LEU:C	2.41	0.41
1:A:154:ARG:HD2	1:A:293:TRP:CD2	2.56	0.40
1:B:73:GLN:NE2	3:B:1364:HOH:O	2.54	0.40
1:B:280:MET:HE2	1:B:384:TYR:CE2	2.56	0.40
1:A:241:GLU:O	1:A:242:LYS:HB2	2.21	0.40
1:A:246:ASP:HB2	1:A:258:HIS:HB2	2.04	0.40
1:A:351:ILE:HD11	1:B:316:ASP:HA	2.04	0.40
1:B:298:LYS:HD2	1:B:384:TYR:HE2	1.85	0.40
1:A:71:ARG:HD3	1:A:89:GLU:HG2	2.04	0.40
1:A:510:VAL:HB	1:A:616:PHE:HA	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	617/638 (97%)	588 (95%)	27 (4%)	2 (0%)	41	23
1	B	617/638 (97%)	590 (96%)	26 (4%)	1 (0%)	47	29
All	All	1234/1276 (97%)	1178 (96%)	53 (4%)	3 (0%)	47	29

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	54	GLU
1	A	56	GLU
1	B	54	GLU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	513/529 (97%)	510 (99%)	3 (1%)	86	79
1	B	513/529 (97%)	510 (99%)	3 (1%)	86	79
All	All	1026/1058 (97%)	1020 (99%)	6 (1%)	86	79

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	36	GLU
1	A	376	PHE
1	A	541	LEU
1	B	36	GLU
1	B	376	PHE
1	B	444	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	170	HIS
1	A	309	ASN
1	A	345	HIS
1	A	507	ASN
1	A	519	GLN
1	A	628	ASN
1	B	345	HIS
1	B	421	GLN
1	B	507	ASN
1	B	586	HIS
1	B	628	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
1	DPQ	B	382	1	10,13,14	1.68	2 (20%)	11,17,19	2.10	4 (36%)
1	DPQ	A	382	1	10,13,14	1.74	2 (20%)	11,17,19	1.92	4 (36%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	DPQ	B	382	1	-	2/5/19/21	0/1/1/1
1	DPQ	A	382	1	-	2/5/19/21	0/1/1/1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	382	DPQ	OH-CZ	-3.95	1.23	1.34
1	A	382	DPQ	OH-CZ	-3.92	1.23	1.34
1	A	382	DPQ	CD2-CE2	2.40	1.51	1.44
1	B	382	DPQ	CD2-CE2	2.39	1.51	1.44

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	382	DPQ	CB-CA-C	-4.69	102.68	111.47
1	A	382	DPQ	CB-CA-C	-4.08	103.81	111.47
1	B	382	DPQ	CE1-CD1-CG	2.80	120.71	113.13
1	A	382	DPQ	CE1-CD1-CG	2.71	120.47	113.13
1	B	382	DPQ	CG-CD2-CE2	-2.69	120.86	122.96
1	B	382	DPQ	CD1-CE1-CZ	-2.47	119.51	124.13
1	A	382	DPQ	CG-CD2-CE2	-2.39	121.09	122.96

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	382	DPQ	CD1-CE1-CZ	-2.33	119.76	124.13

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	B	382	DPQ	CA-CB-CG-CD1
1	A	382	DPQ	CA-CB-CG-CD1
1	A	382	DPQ	CA-CB-CG-CD2
1	B	382	DPQ	CA-CB-CG-CD2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.